

Interpretation of Interferometric data

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Acknowledgements: Michelson Summer School Authors



Overview

Interferometers as telescopes

Responses to simple models

Aperture plane visibility

Example interpretations

Polychromatic interferometry

Extended sources

Not enough data?

If all fails, suspect your calibrator!

Praxis of modelling

Interferometers as telescopes

Photometric field of view

Interferometric field of view

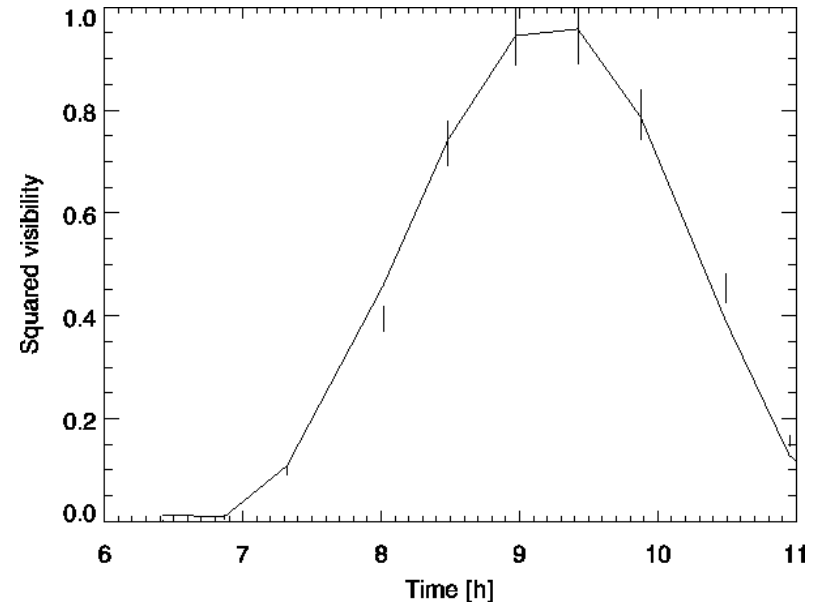
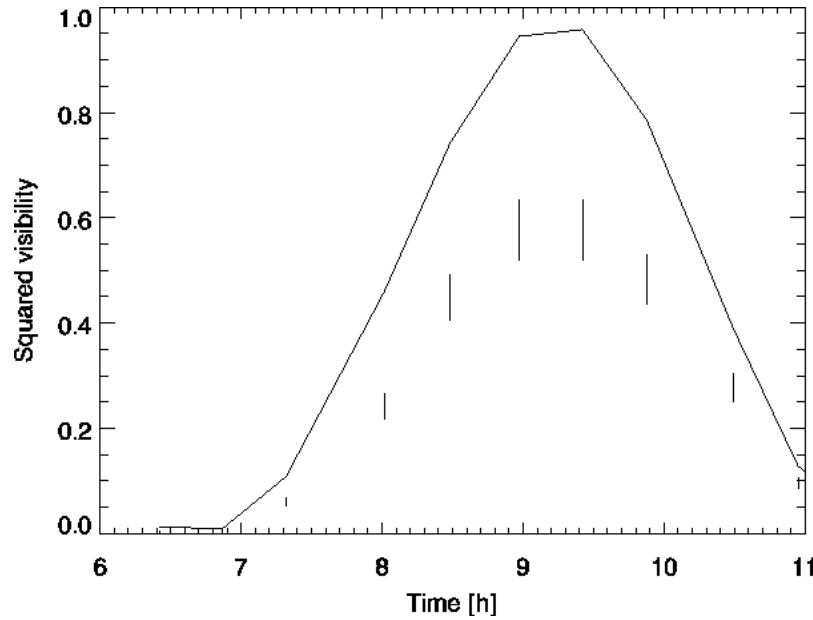
Aperture synthesis

Sensitivity: it's the correlated flux!



Courtesy of Tyler Nordgren

Photometric field of view

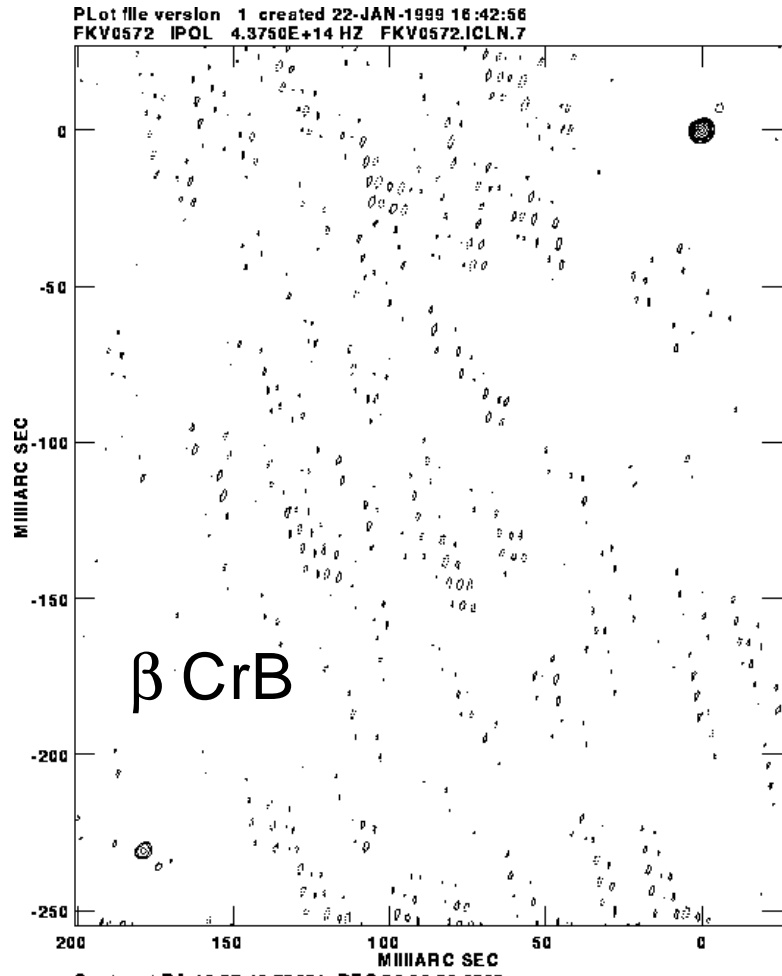


Mizar A ($V=2.3$)
with B ($V=4.0$) at $14''$
(Mark III)

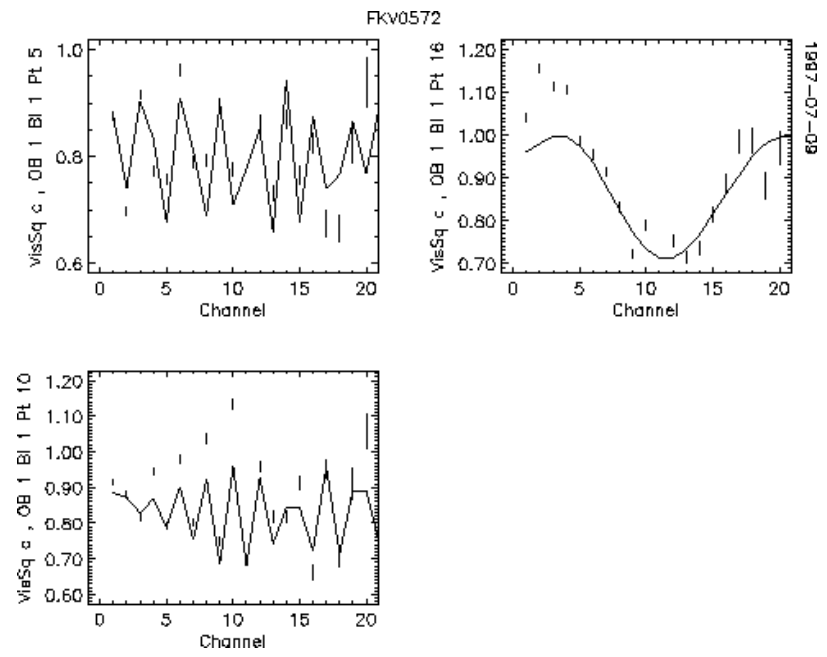
$$f = (1 + 10^{-\Delta m/2.5})^2$$

Interferometric field of view

$$\Delta\alpha = R \frac{\lambda}{B}$$

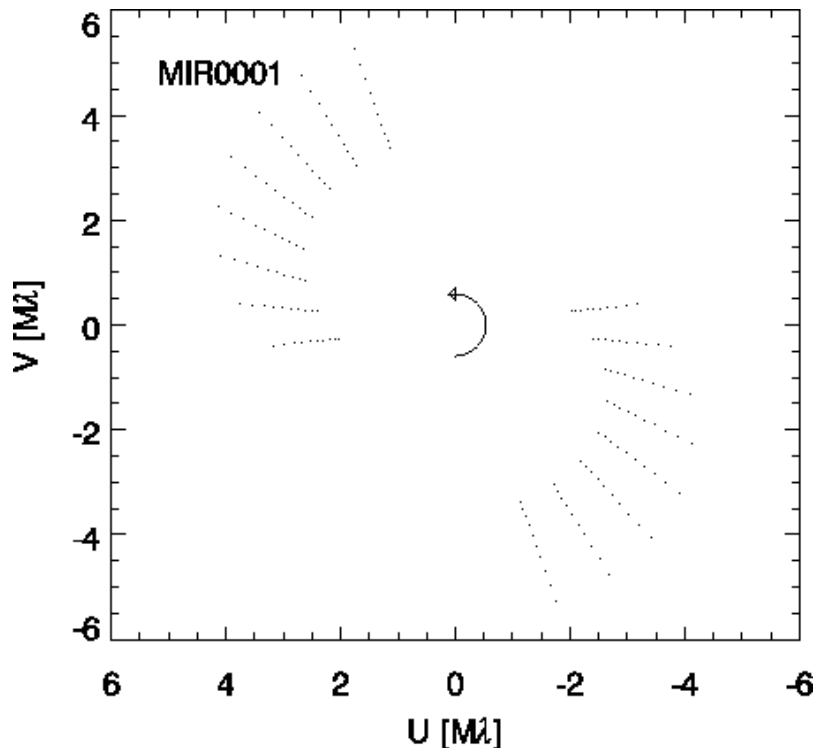


Center at RA 15 27 49.73081 DEC 29 06 20.5298
 Peak flux = 8.9930E-01 JY/BEAM
 Levs = 8.9930E-03 * (-1.00, 1.000, 2.000,
 5.000, 10.00, 20.00, 50.00, 80.00)



(NPOI)

Aperture synthesis



```
function mapvis,map,u,v
;
; Compute the visibility for a map at a single coordinate u and v[lambda].
; Map positions are in mas. map.x corresponds to RA and increases towards
; East, i.e. left.
;
RAD=180/pi
MAS=1/3600000,d0
;
arg=2*pi*(u*map.x+v*map.y)*MAS/RAD
;
return,total(map,i*complex(cos(arg),sin(arg)))
;
end
```

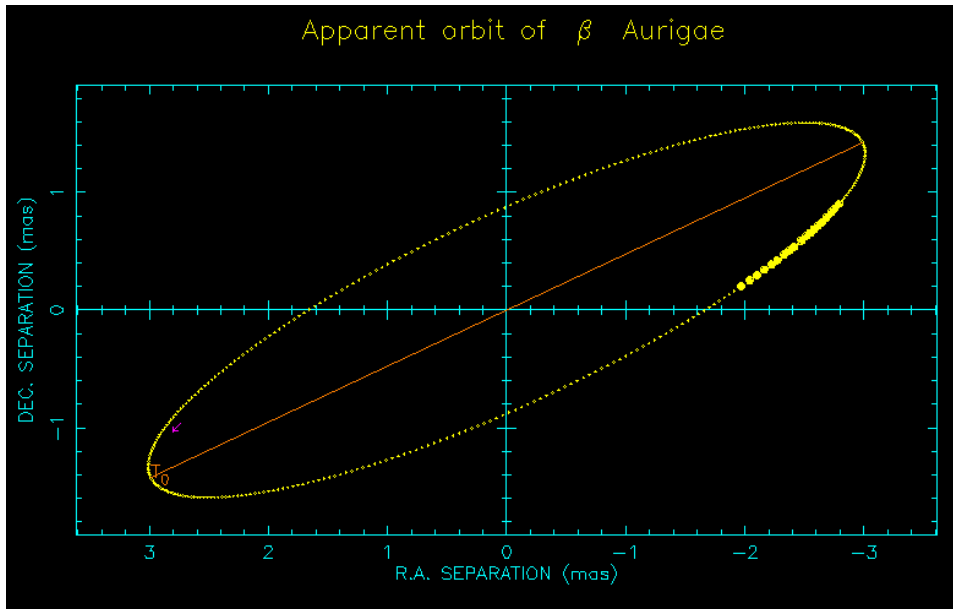
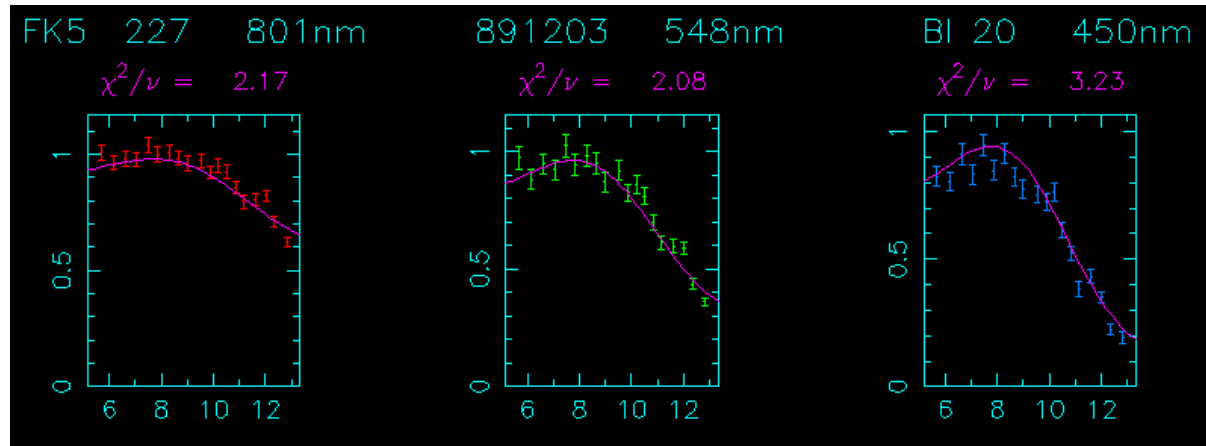
1,1

Top

MIDI, UT2-UT3, $\delta = -61$

Aperture synthesis and orbital motion

β Aur
(Mark III)



P = 4 days

Responses to simple models

Point source (“unresolved”)

Uniform disk

Elliptical disk

Limb darkened disk

Binary, mystery star

Gaussian

Ring

Uniform disk

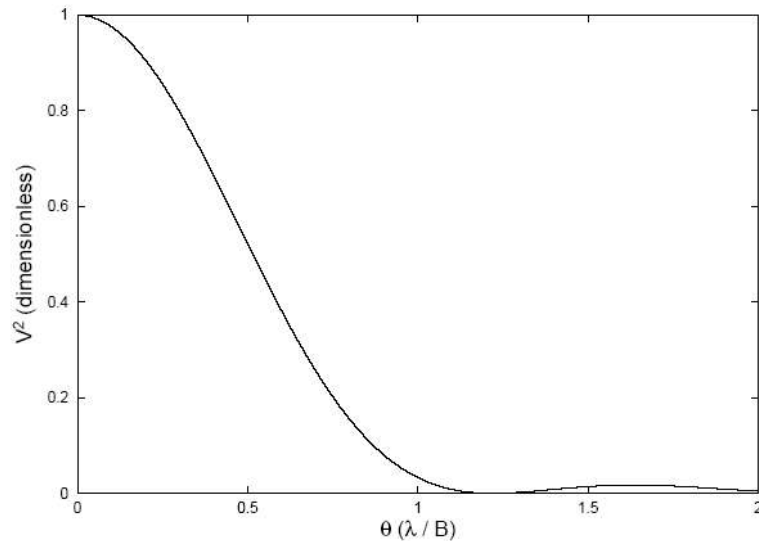


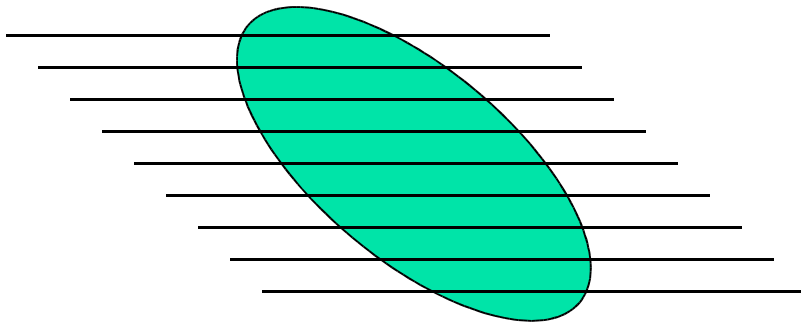
Figure 2.6: Squared Normalized Visibility Amplitude for the Uniform Disk. The disk diameter θ is plotted in units of the interferometer fringe spacing λ / B_{\perp} .

```
Session Edit View Settings Help
[Icons]
IDL> mas_per_rad=180/!pi*3600*1000.
IDL> uvdist=1./(2.0/mas_per_rad)
IDL> print,uvdist
    1.03132e+08
IDL> ud=2.0
IDL> arg=!pi*ud/mas_per_rad*uvdist
IDL> print,(2*beselj(arg,1)/arg)^2
    0.0328304
IDL> [Cursor]
```

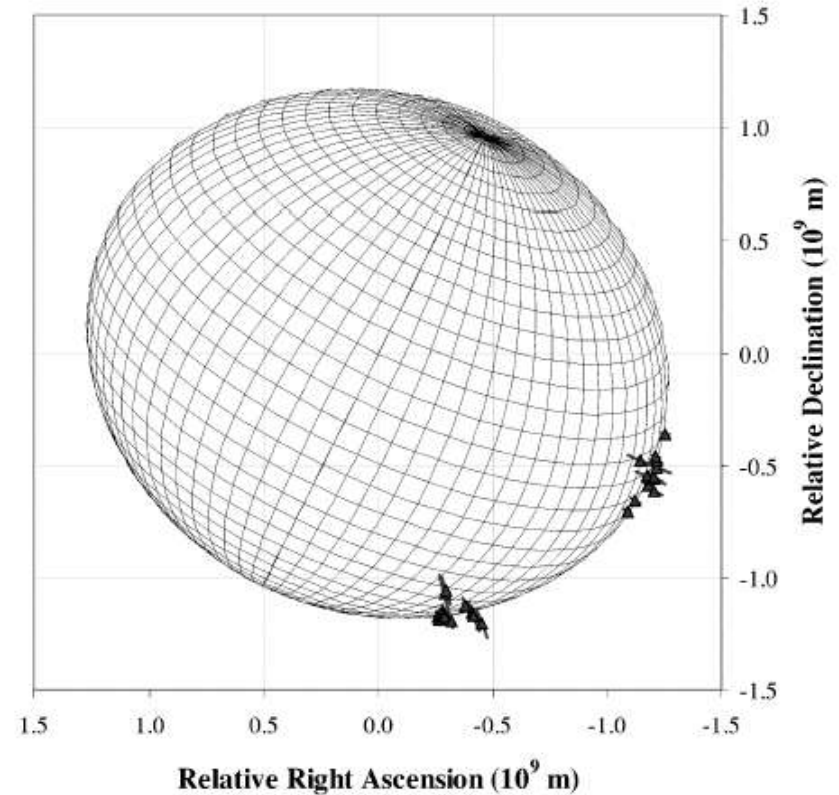
Elliptical disk

```
u_r=      v*cos(disk.pa)+u*sin(disk.pa)
v_r=disk.ratio*(u*cos(disk.pa)-v*sin(disk.pa))
```

Transform (u,v) coord.

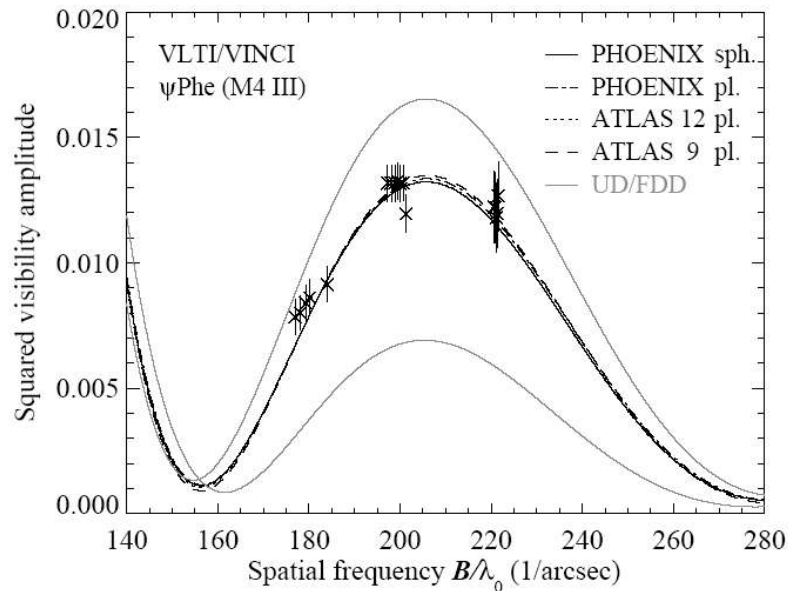


Fourier transform strip
brightness distribution



van Belle et al. (2001)

Limb darkened disk



$$D_\lambda(\mu) = I_\lambda(\mu)/I_\lambda(1) = 1 - x_\lambda(1 - \mu).$$

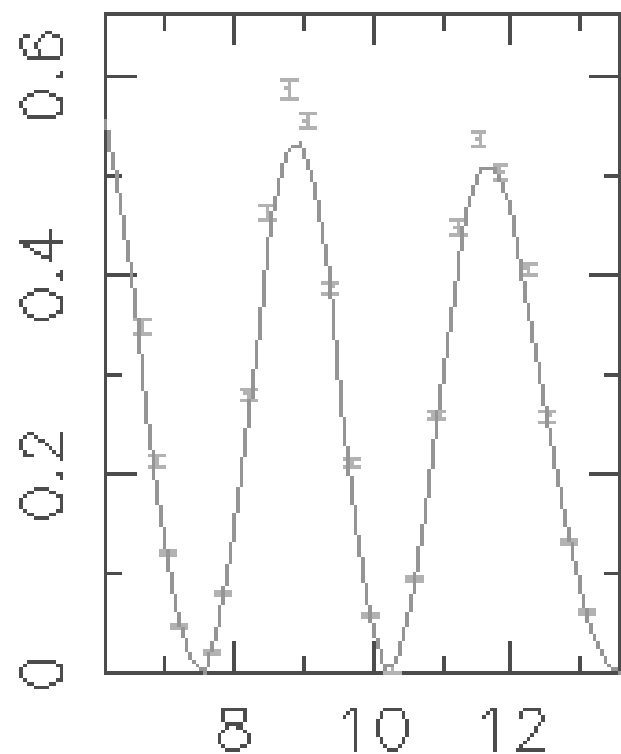
```
alpha=1-ld_coeffs
beeta=ld_coeffs
arg=!pi*model.diameter*mas2rad*sqrt(u^2+v^2)
visamp=(alpha*beselj(arg,1)/arg+beeta*sqrt(pi/2)*
sqrt(2/(!pi*arg))*(sin(arg)/arg-cos(arg))/
sqrt(arg*arg*arg))/(alpha/2+beeta/3)
return,complex(visamp)*flux
```

Wittkowski et al. (2003)

Binary

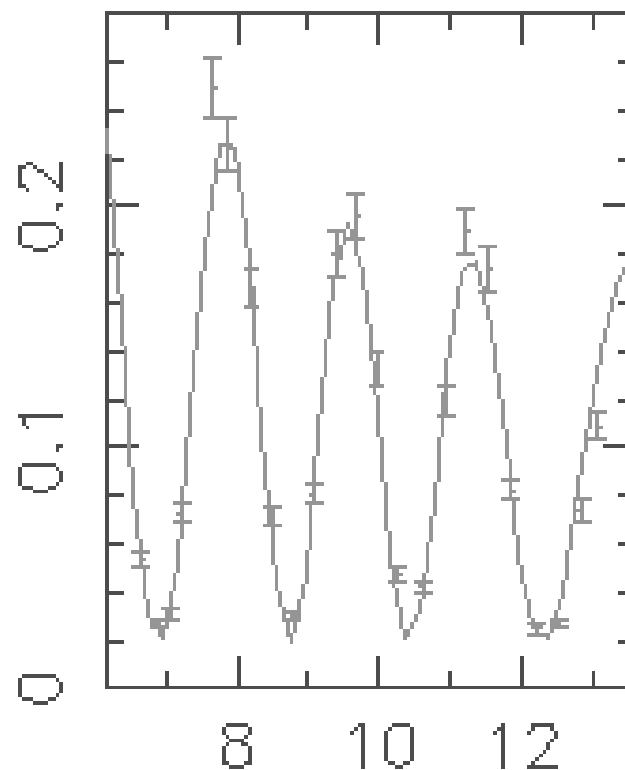
FK5 193 801nm

$$\chi^2/\nu = 11.21$$



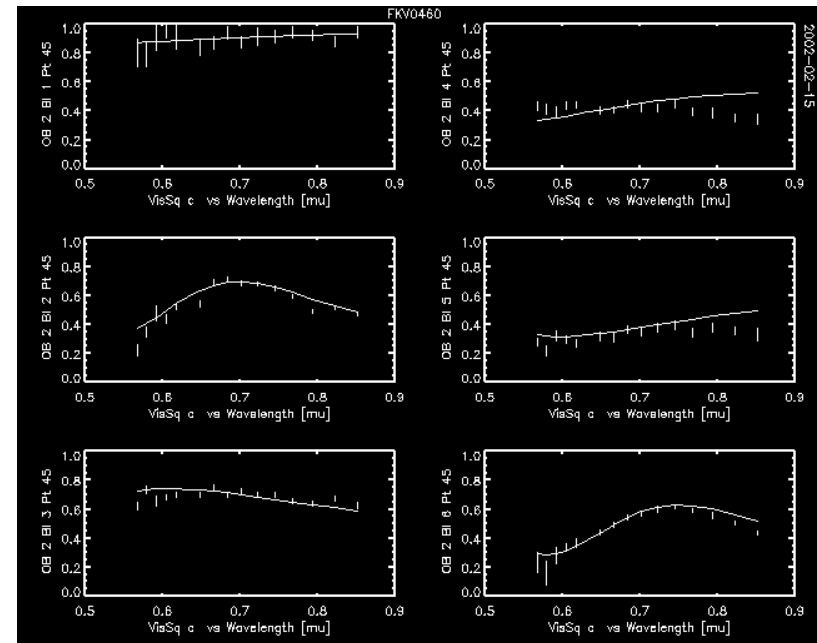
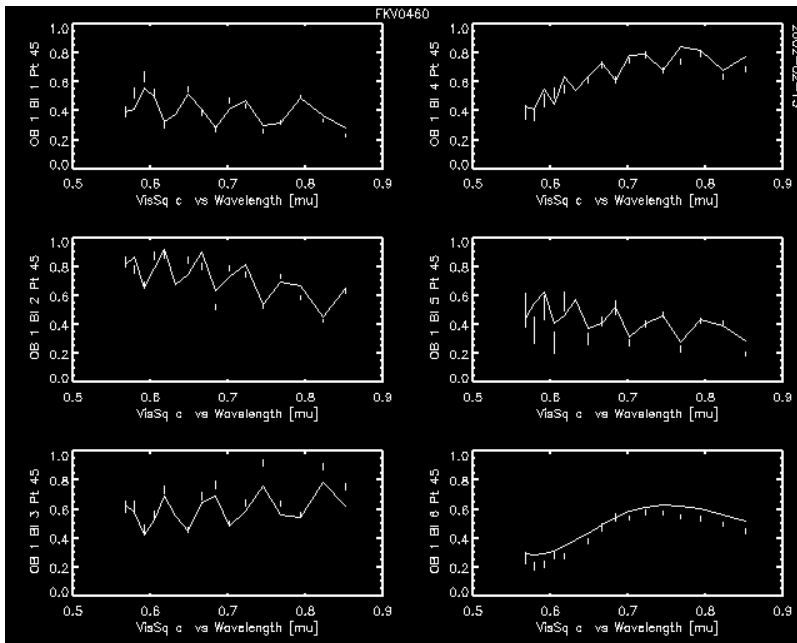
BI 1 501nm

$$\chi^2/\nu = 6.10$$



Mark III

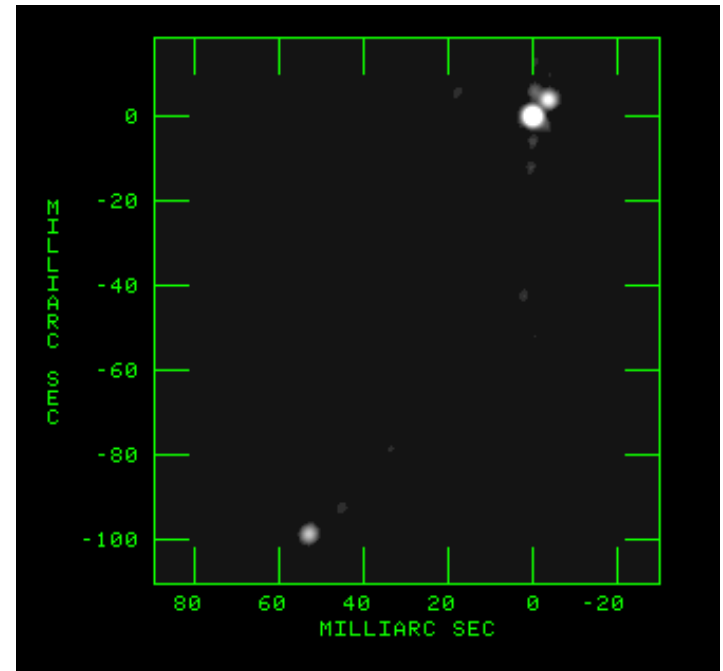
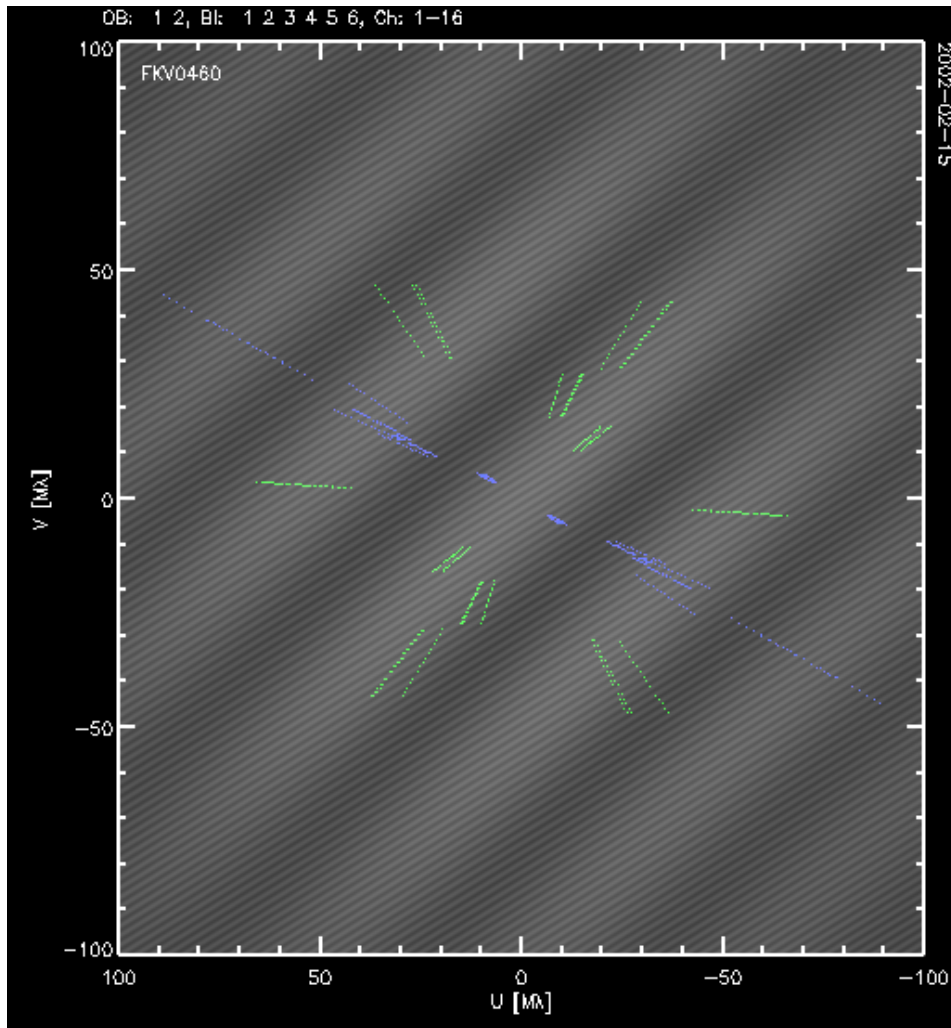
Mystery star



All baseline PAs

2nd spectr., One PA

Triple star



η Vir (Hummel et al. 2004)

Aperture plane visibility

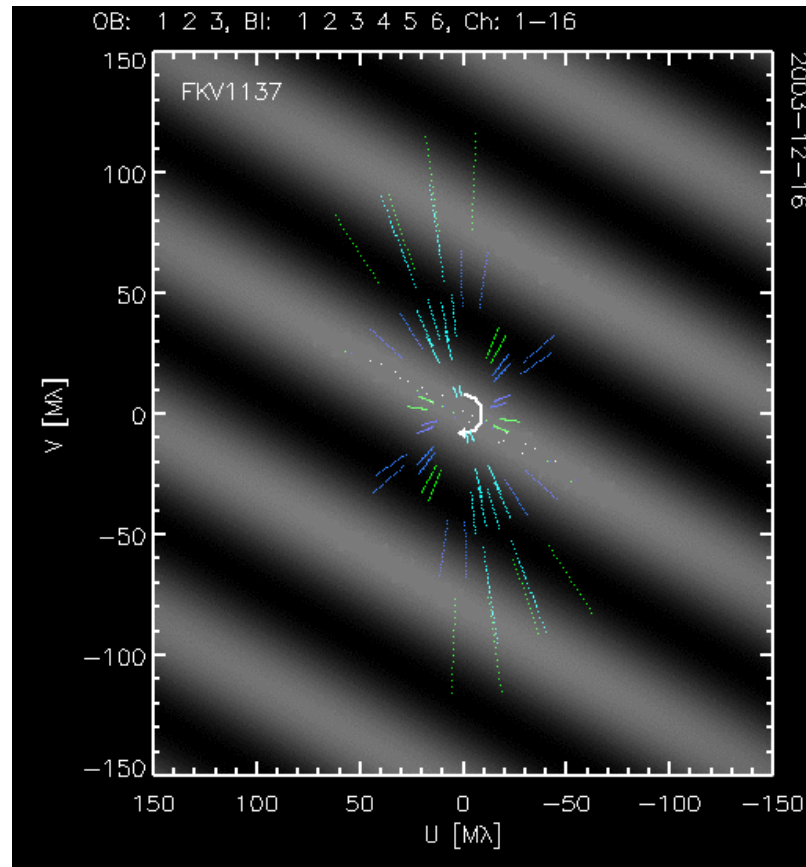
Equal magnitude binary

Resolved component in binary

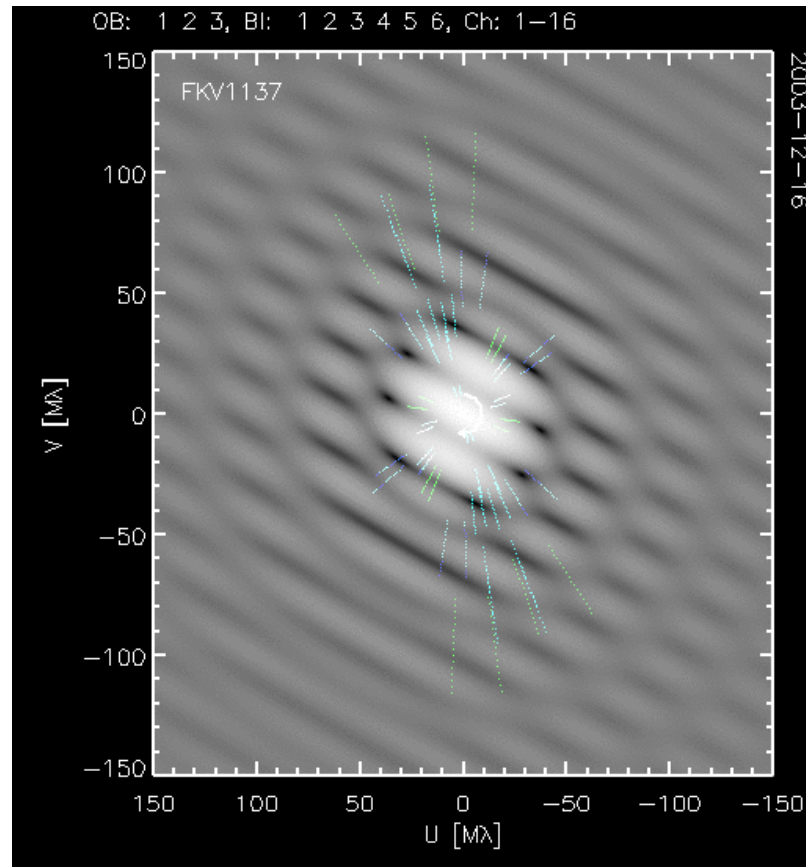
Faint secondary vs resolved primary

Archimedes spiral

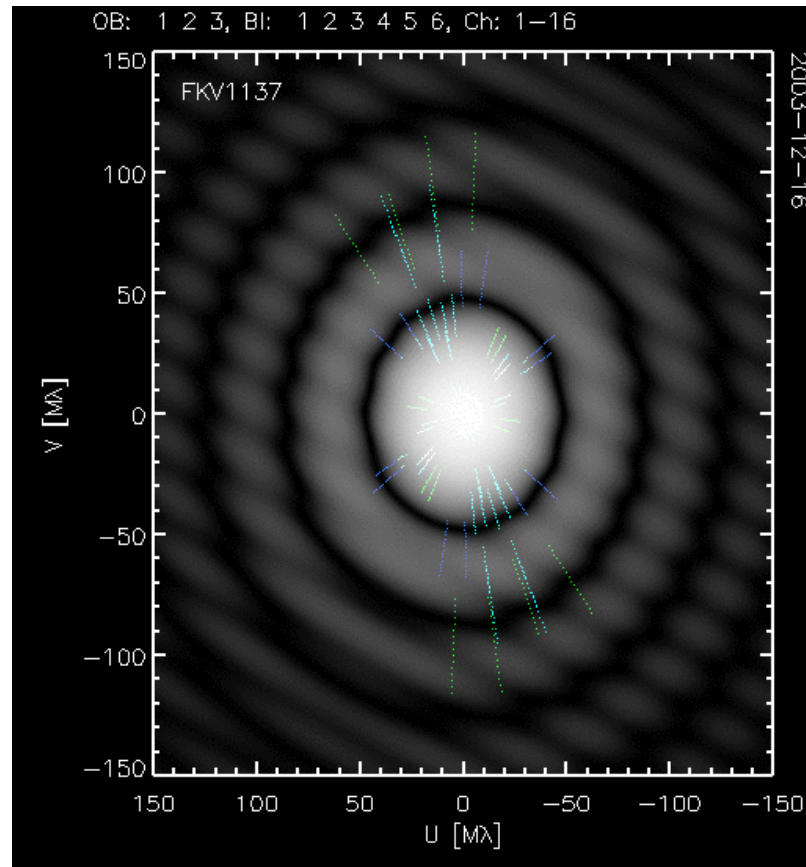
Equal magnitude binary



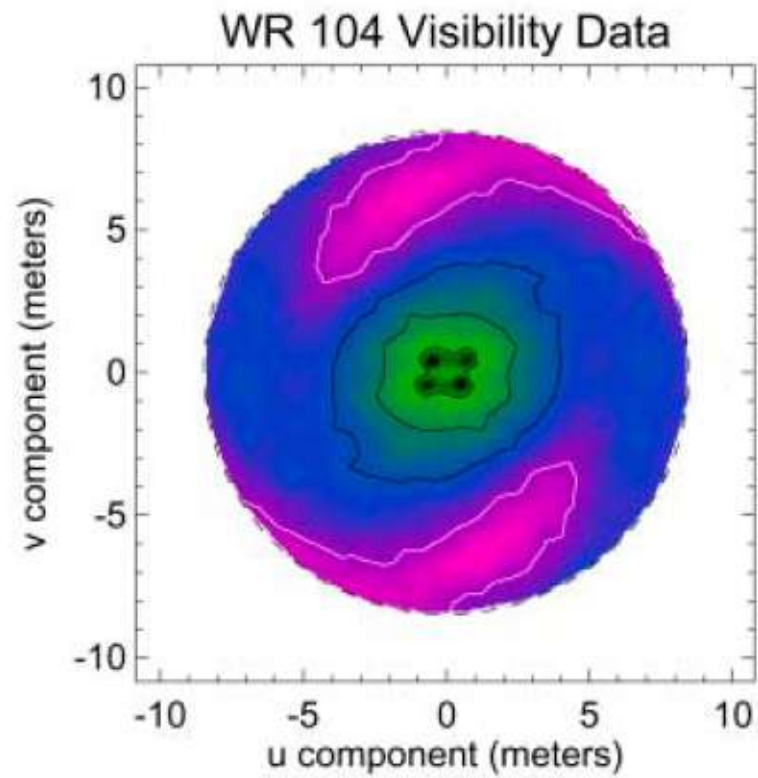
Resolved component in binary



Faint secondary vs resolved primary

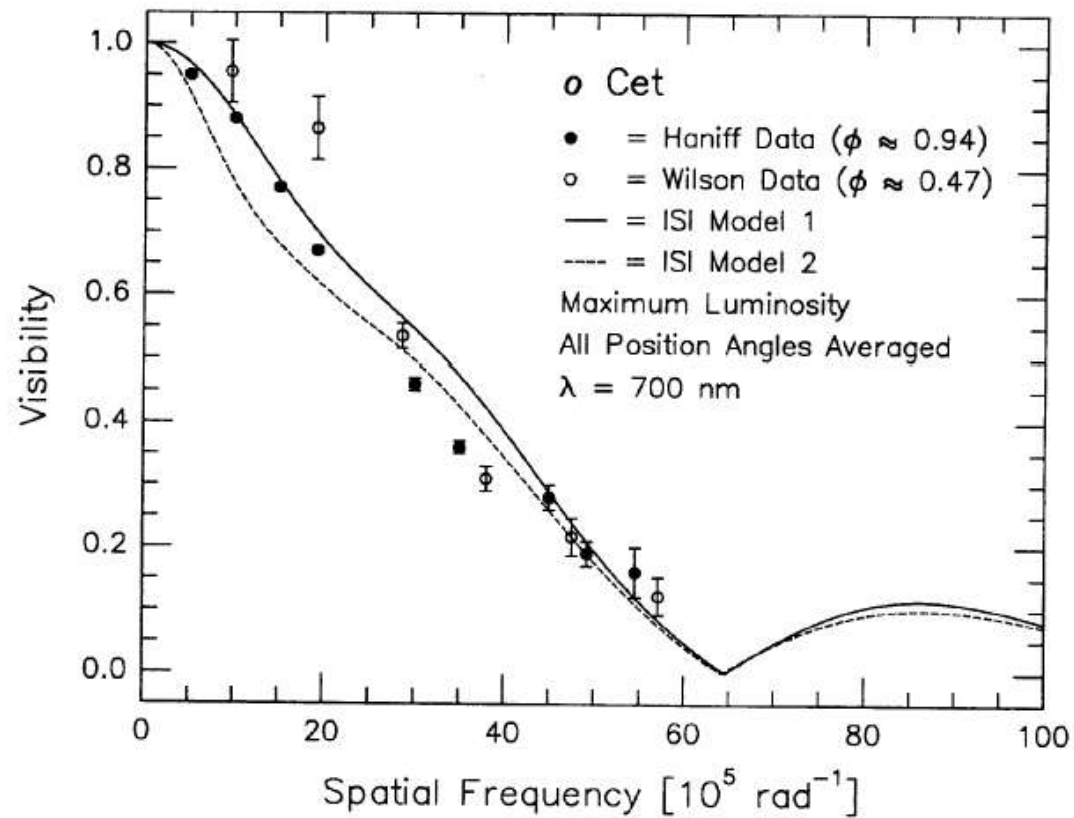


Archimedes spiral

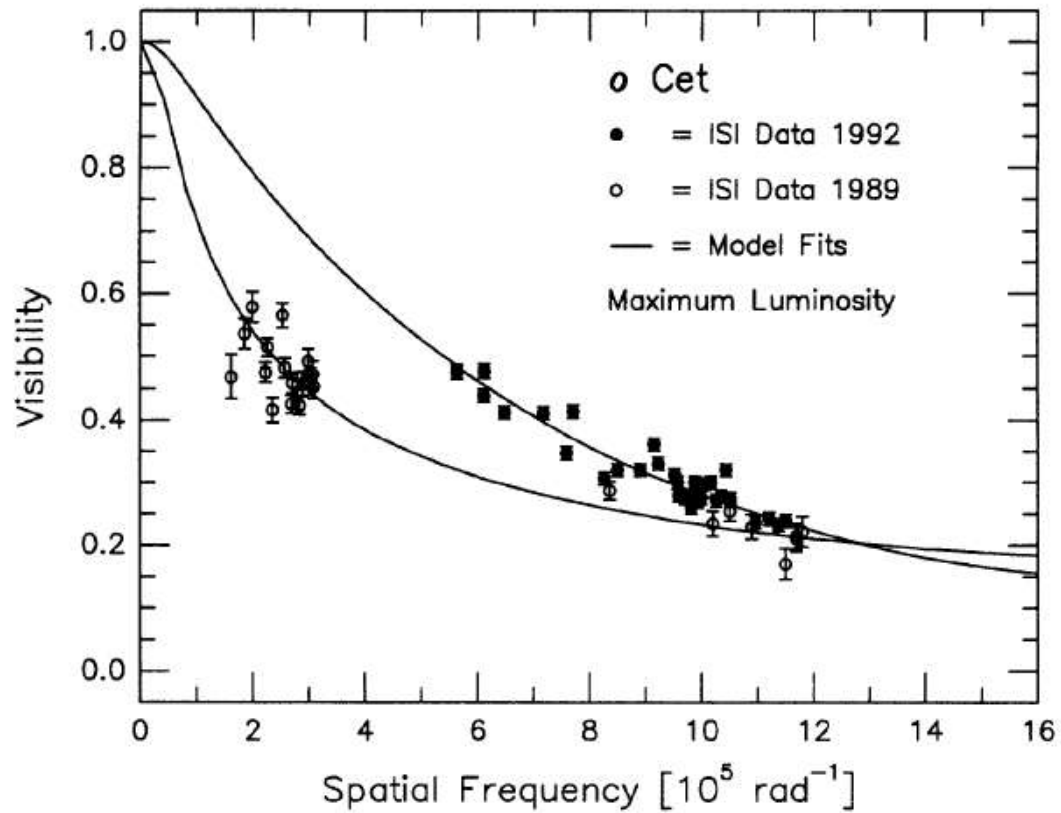


Monnier et al. 1999

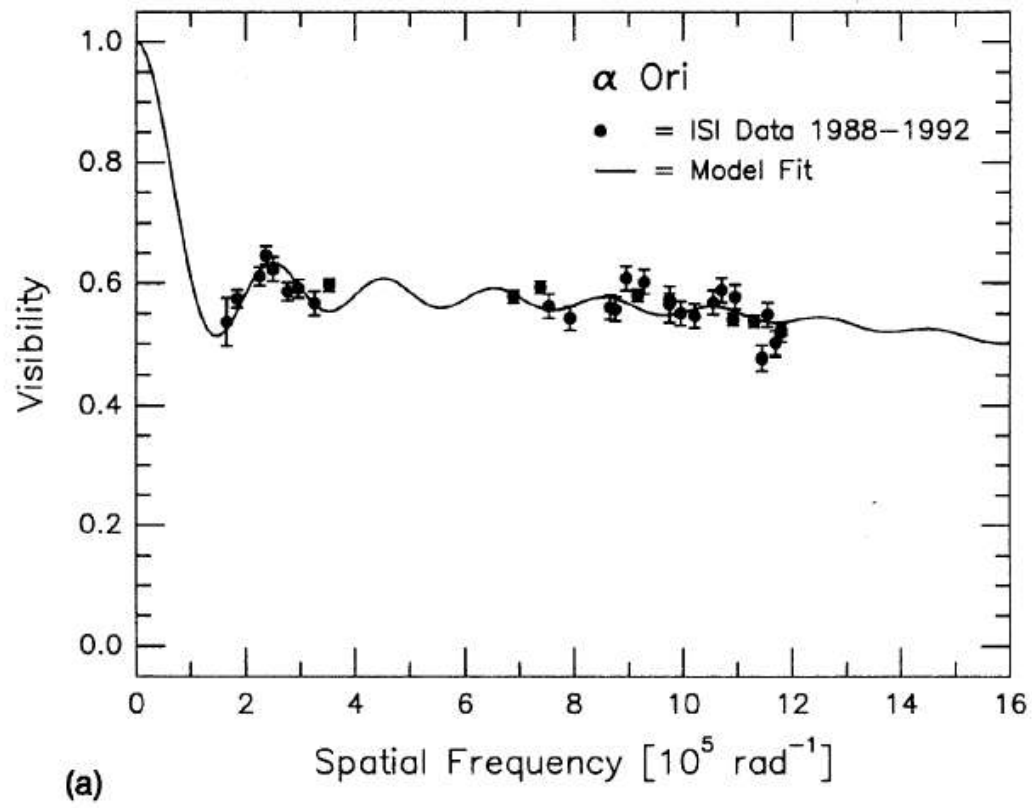
Example interpretations (1)



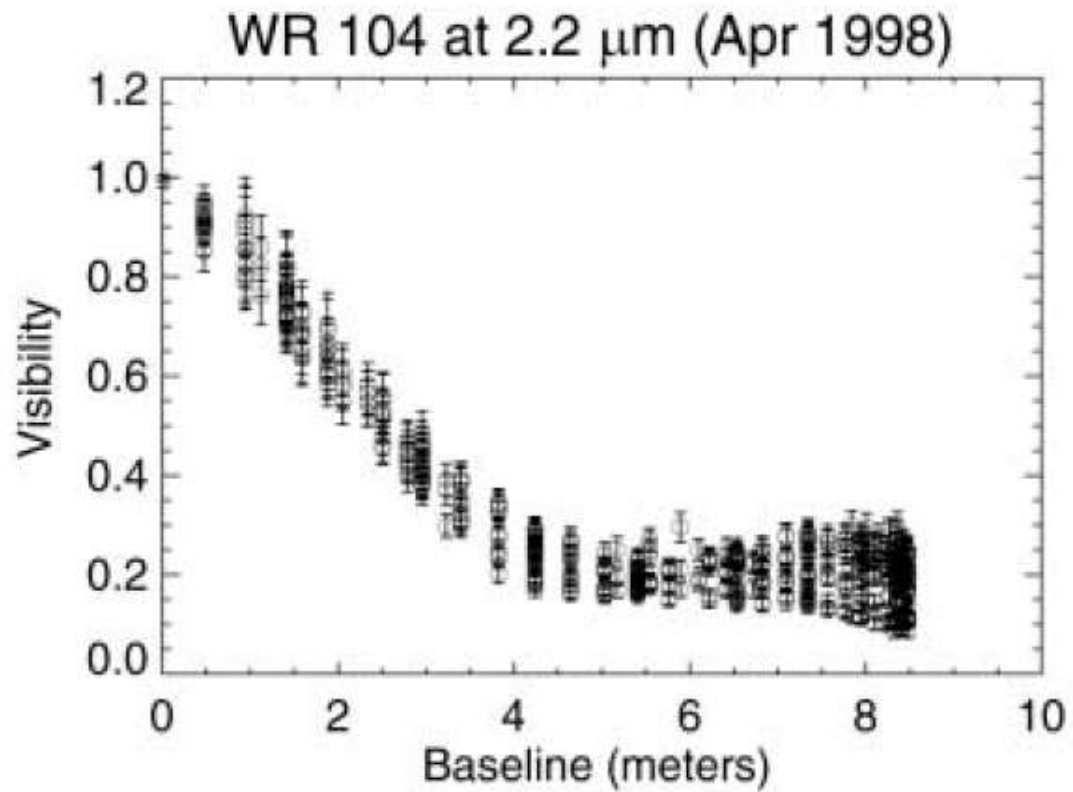
Example interpretations (2)



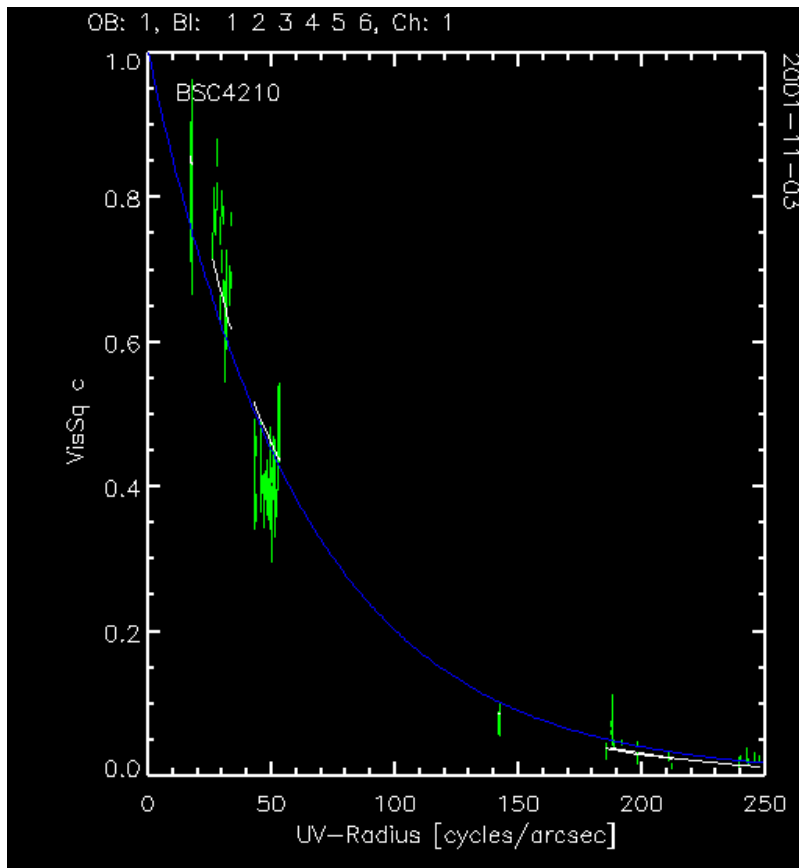
Example interpretations (3)



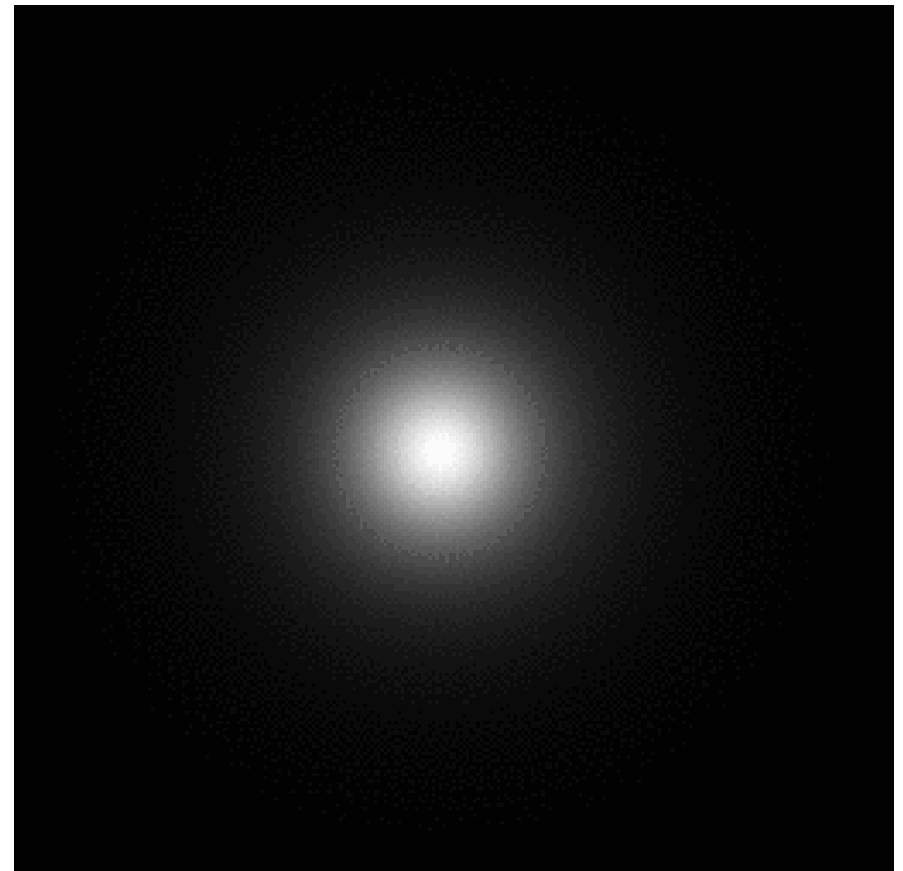
Example interpretations (4)



Example interpretations (5a)

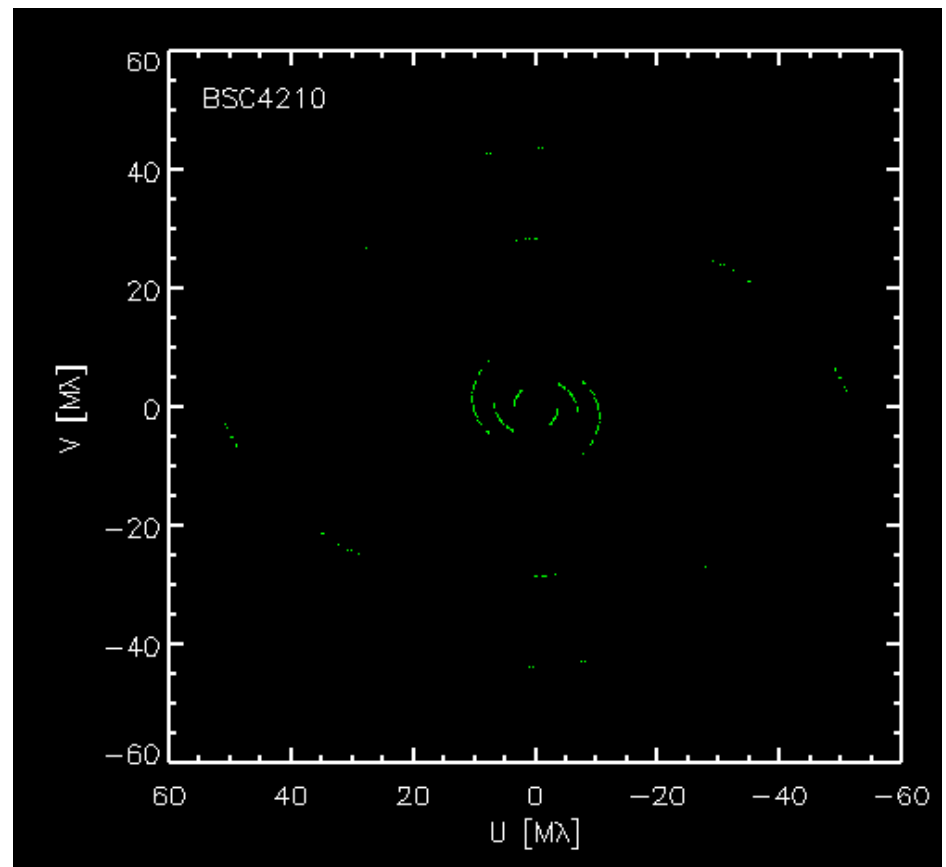
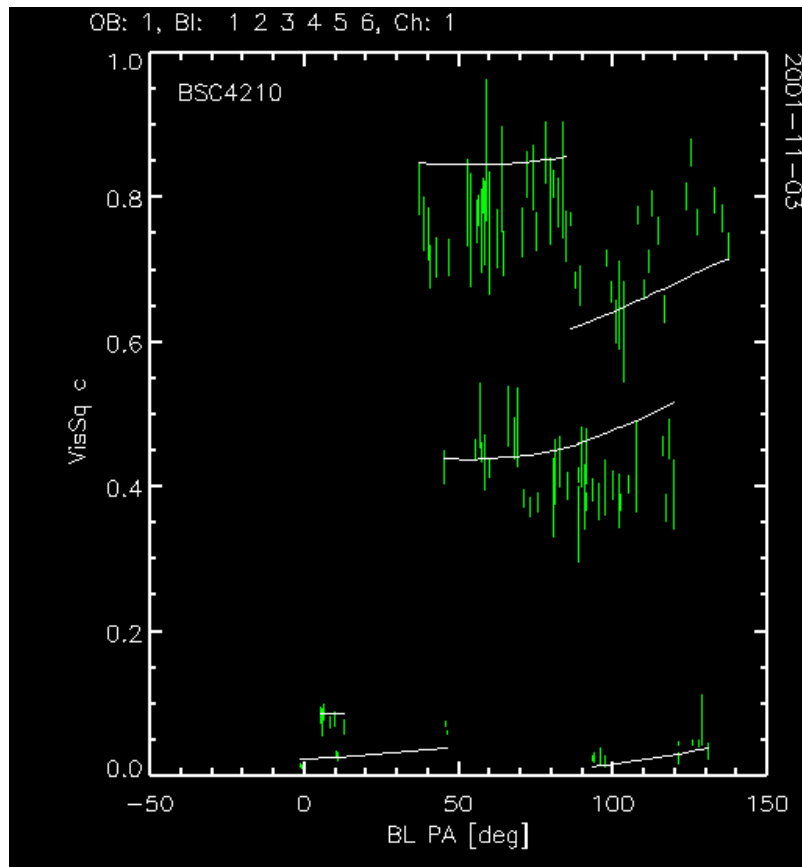


VLT/VINCI



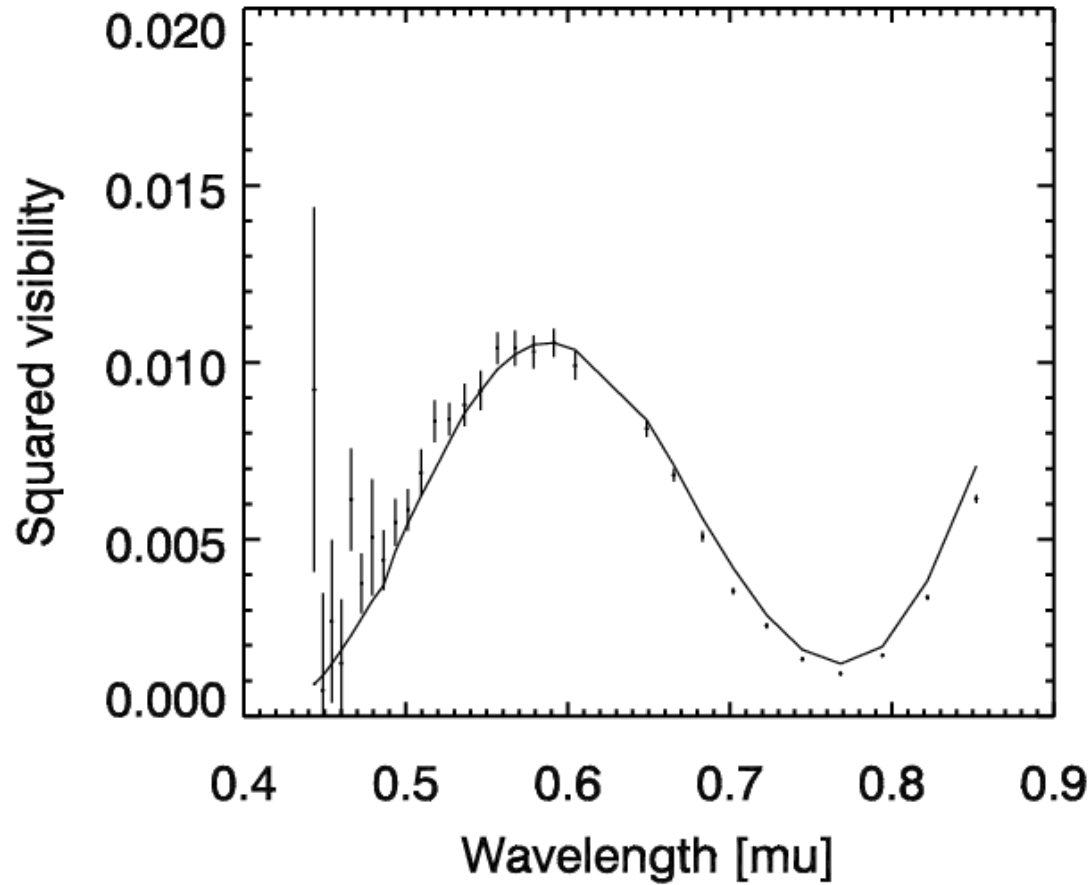
η Car

Example interpretations (5b)



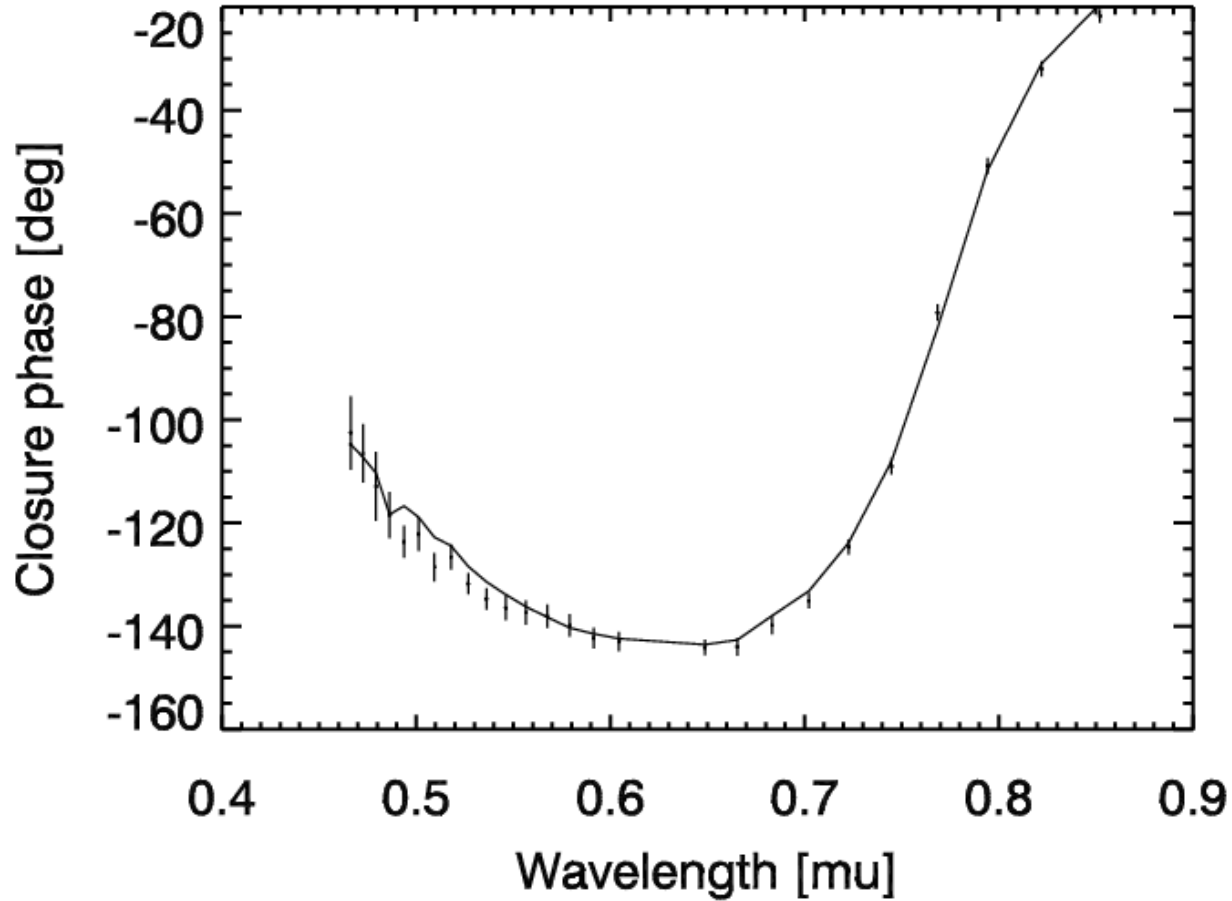
VLT/VINCI

Example interpretations (6a)



Altair
(NPOI)

Example interpretations (6b)



Altair
(NPOI)

Polychromatic interferometry

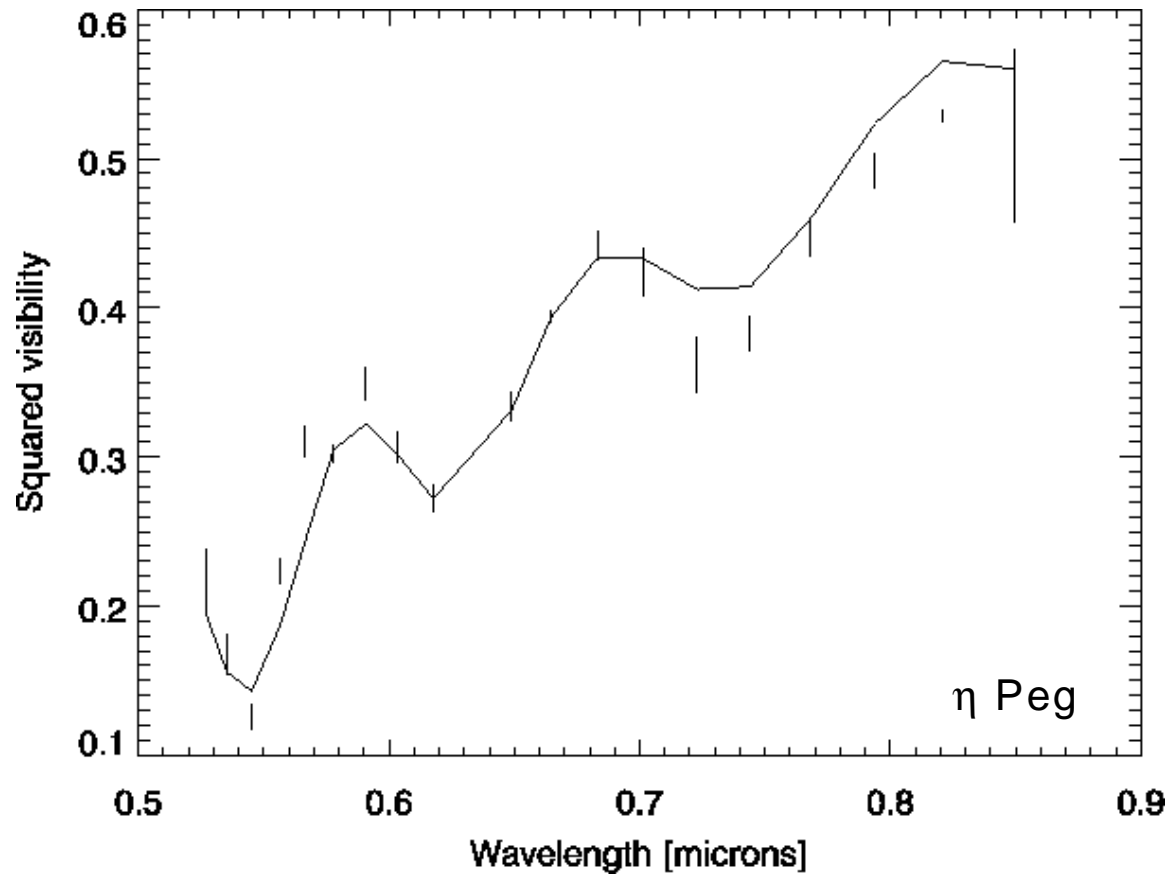
Disperse the light!

Broad band aperture synthesis

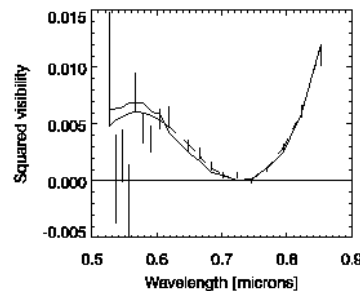
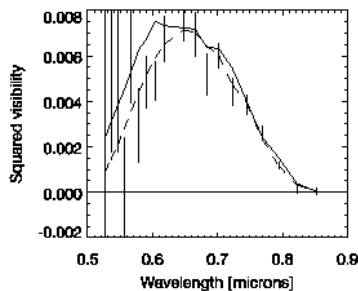
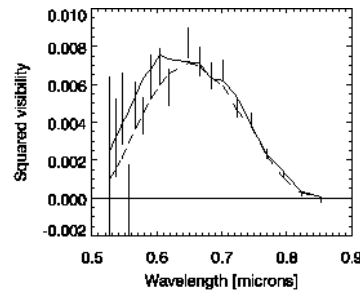
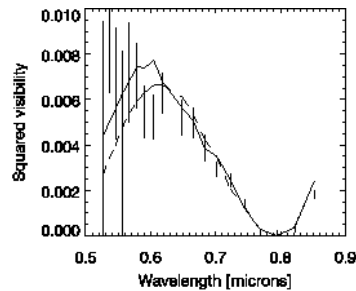
Source structure dependent on wavelength

Composite spectrum binary

η Peg
(NPOI)



Stellar atmospheres

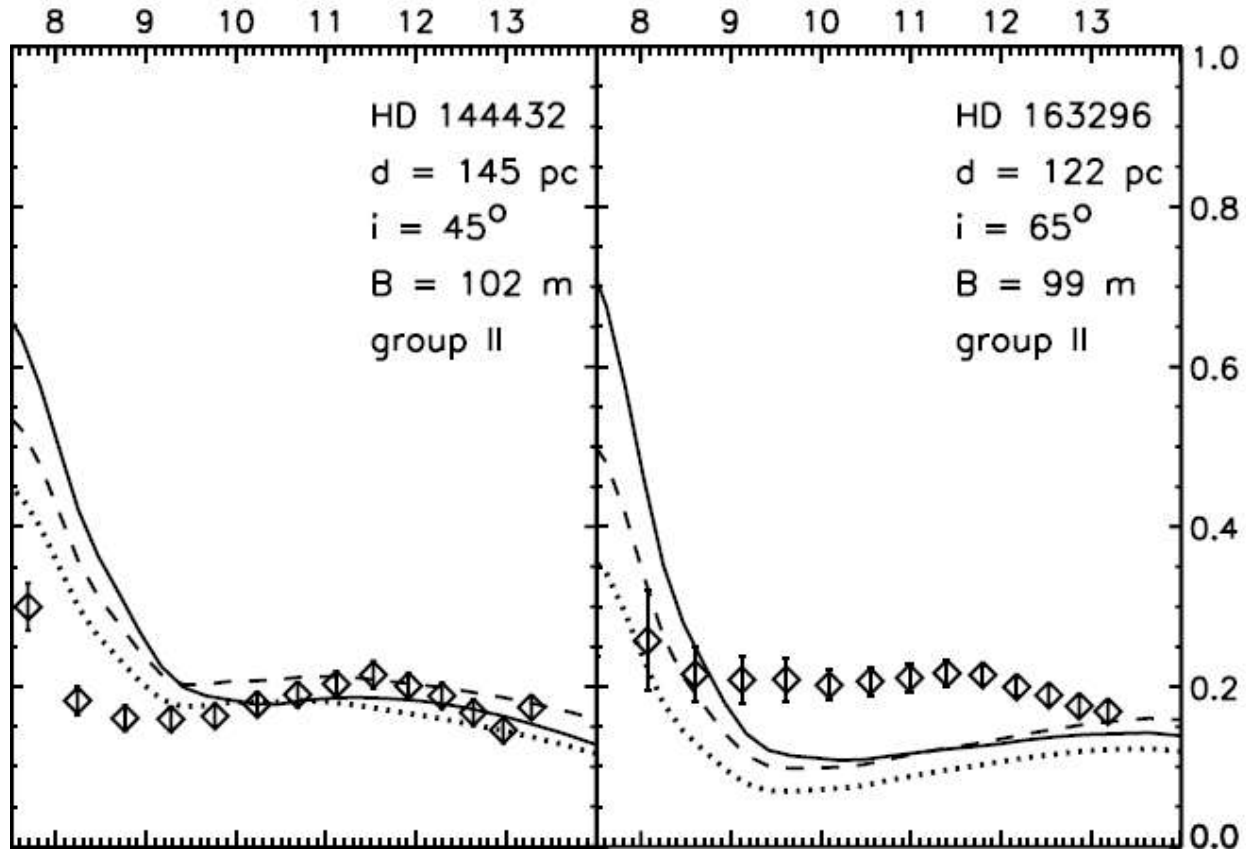


$$V_{LD}(\lambda) = \int_0^1 S_\lambda I_\lambda^\mu J_0[\pi \theta_{LD} (B/\lambda) (1 - \mu^2)^{1/2}] \mu d\mu$$

```
f1=(mu*profile)/profile(n_elements(mu)-1)
f2=beselj(arg*sqrt(1-mu^2),0)*f1
;
return,int_tabulated(mu,f2)/int_tabulated(mu,f1)
```

γ Sge

MDI visibility spectra of disks



Extended sources

Zero spacing flux

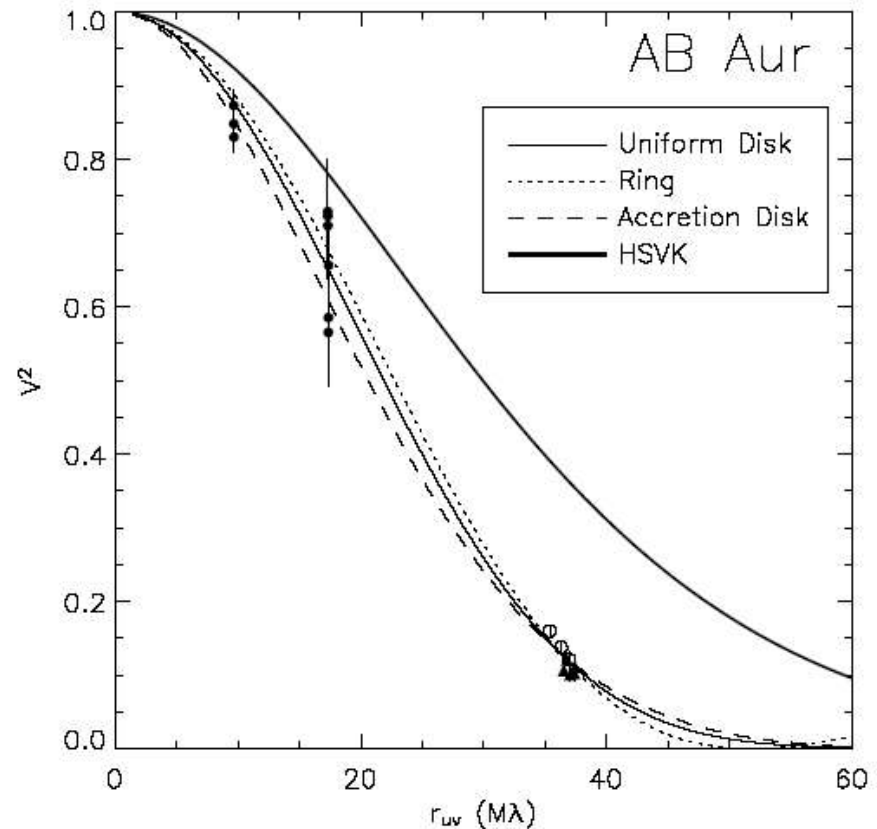
Incoherent flux correction

Bandwidth smearing

Not enough data?

Other sources of info:

- Spectro-astrometry
- NACO
- SED
- Other?



If all fails, suspect your calibrator

Is it too resolved?

Is it a binary?

The praxis of modelling

Assembling a hierarchical model

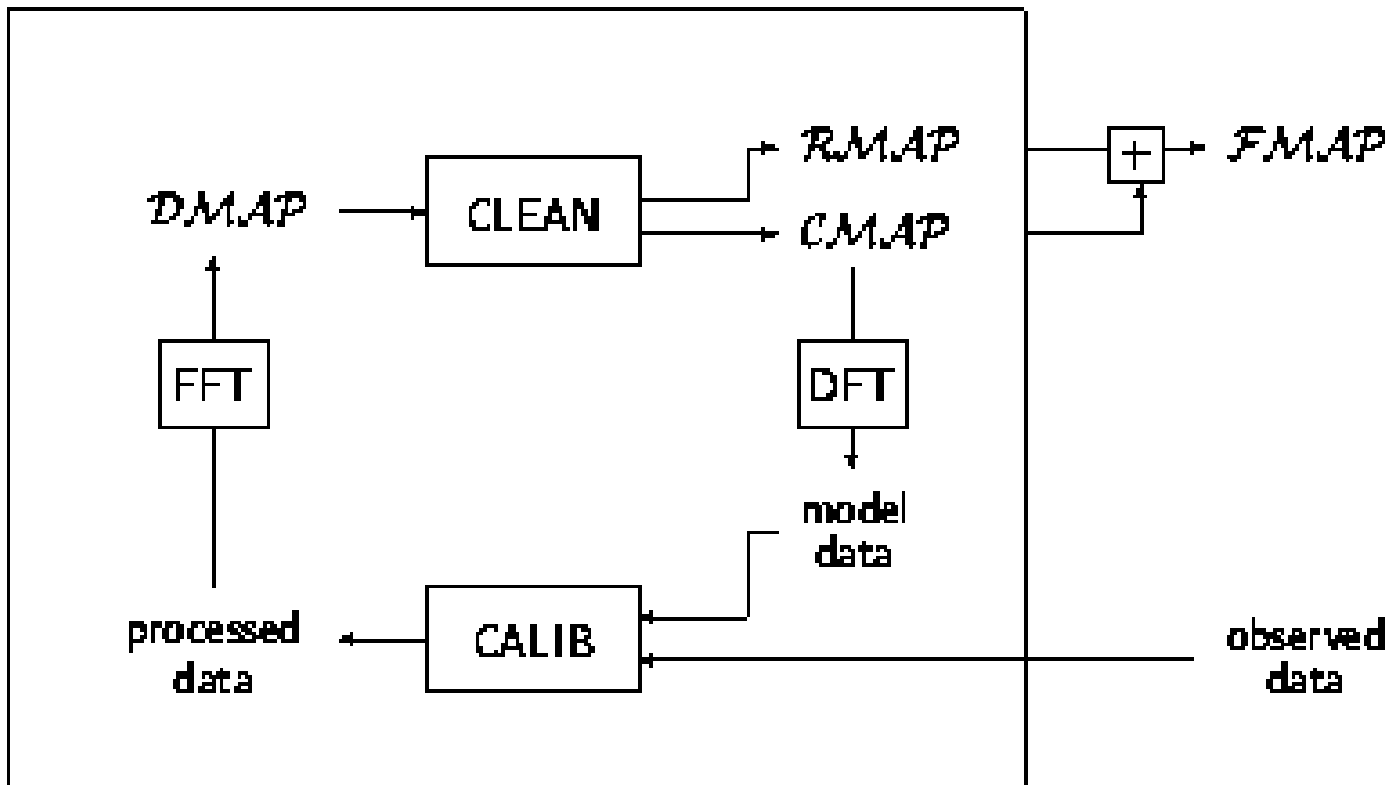
Levenberg-Marquardt NL LSQ

Use squared visibility, not visibility

Make sure band pass integration uses same units as the transmission function

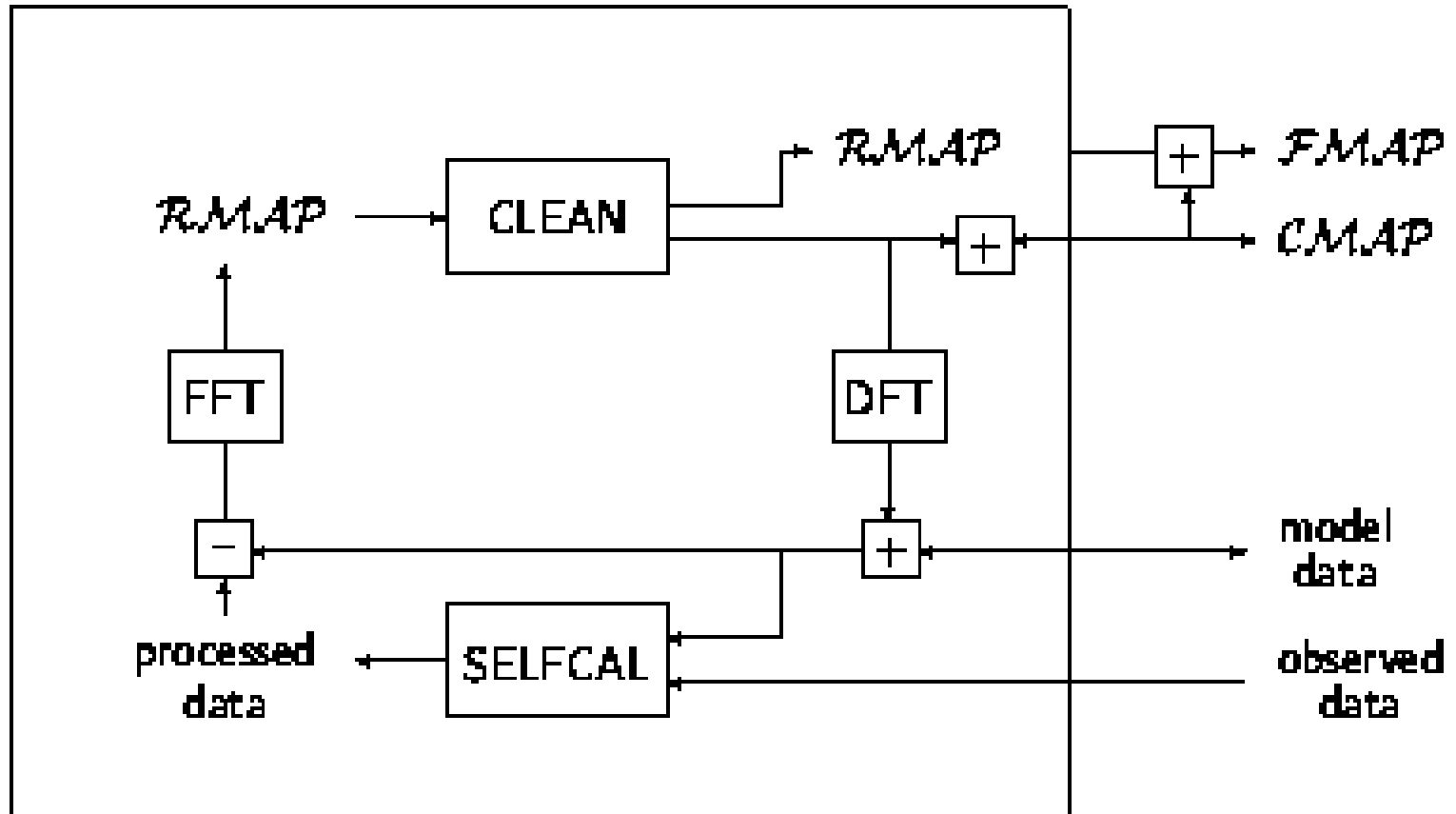
Interferometric imaging

(Conventional) Hybrid mapping

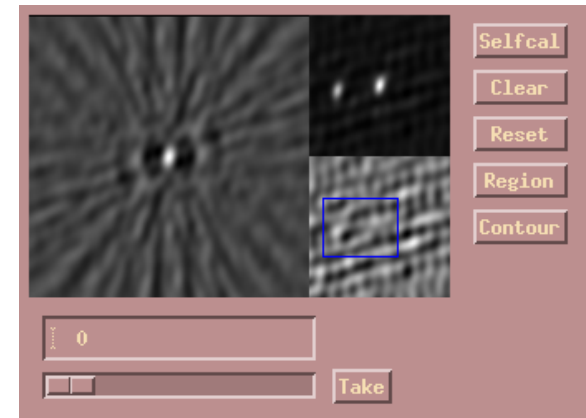
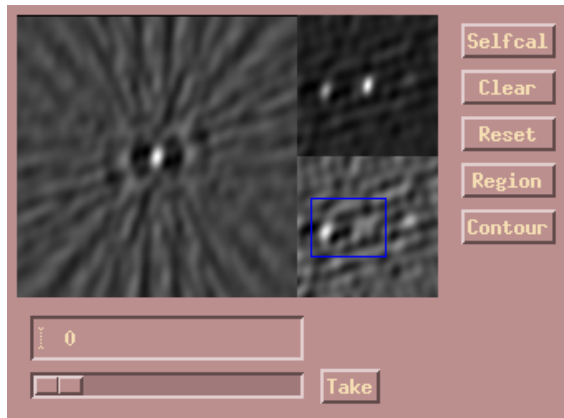
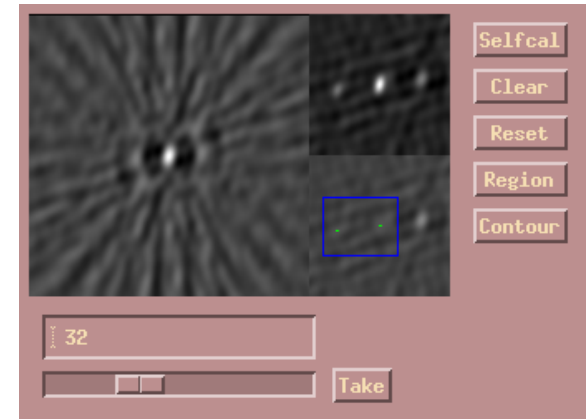
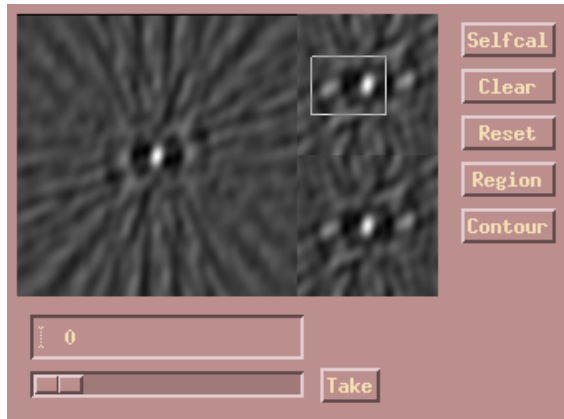


Difference mapping

Difference mapping



Pearl (OYSTER)



Imaging composite spectrum binaries



(Pearl/OYSTER)